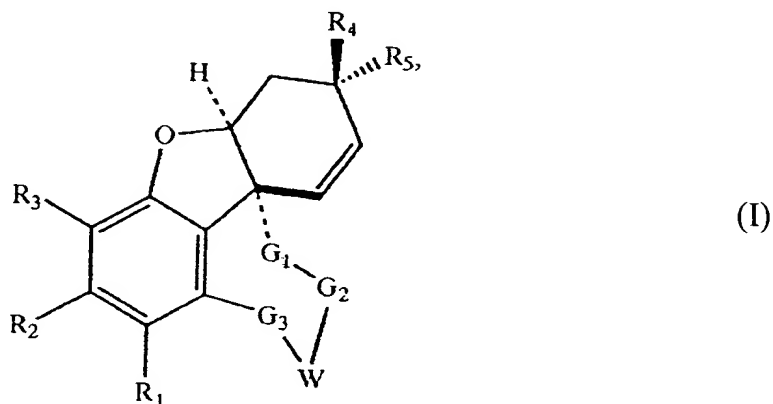


This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1 to 39 (canceled).

40. (new) Compounds of formula I



in which the substituents have the meanings that are explained below:

R₁ and R₂ are the same or different and mean:

a) hydrogen, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NC, OH, SH, NO₂, SO₃H, PO₃H, NH₂, CF₃, OSO₂(CH₂)_nCF₃, in which n is equal to 0, 1 or 2, -OSO₂-aryl, -OSO₂-vinyl or -OSO₂-ethinyl;

b) a C₁-C₆, optionally branched, optionally substituted alkyl, alkoxy, arylalkyl, arylalkoxy, cycloalkyl or cycloalkoxy group;

c) an amino group, which optionally is substituted by one or two identical or different C₁-C₆, optionally branched, optionally substituted alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, arylalkyl, arylalkylcarbonyl, or arylalkoxy carbonyl groups or by a

group that is selected from an optionally substituted pyrrolidine, piperidine, morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperazine, or homopiperazine radical;

d) a -COOH, -COOalkyl, -COOarylalkyl, -CO-amino group, which optionally is substituted as indicated under c), a COHalkyl group, or a COHarylalkyl group;

e) a $-(CH_2)_nX$ (in which X is Br, Cl, F or I), $-(CH_2)_nOH$, $-(CH_2)_nCHO$, $-(CH_2)_nCOOH$, $-(CH_2)_nCN$, $-(CH_2)_nNC$, $-(CH_2)_nCOalkyl$, or $-(CH_2)_nCOaryl$ group, in which n is 1-4;

f) a $-(CH_2)_n$ vinyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ ethinyl, or $-(CH_2)_n$ cycloalkyl group in which n is 0, 1 or 2, wherein cycloalkyl is an aliphatic ring with 3 to 7 C atoms;

g) a C_3 - C_6 -substituted alkenyl group (optionally substituted with H, F, Br, Cl, CN, CO_2alkyl , COalkyl, COaryl); or

h) a C_3 - C_6 -substituted alkynyl group (optionally substituted with H, F, Br, Cl, CN, CO_2alkyl , COalkyl, COaryl);

R_3 has the same meaning as R_1 ,

R_4 and R_5 are either

a) both hydrogen, or

b) one of R_4 and R_5 is hydrogen, an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, or arylalkynyl group, and the other of R_4 and R_5 is

i) OR_6 , in which R_6 means hydrogen, a C_1 - C_{10} , optionally branched or substituted alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} substituted silyl group, or a C_2 - C_{10} alpha-alkoxyalkyl group;

G_1 is $-(CH_2)_x-$, in which x is 1 or 2;

G_2 is $-(CH_2)_y-$, in which y is 0 to 2;

G_3 is $-(CH_2)_z-$, in which z is 0 to 3, provided that the sum of $x+y+z$ is at least 2 and at most 4;

W is:

N-Phenyl, optionally substituted with F, Br, Cl, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, CO_2 -alkyl, CN, $CONH_2$, or alkoxy; N-thien-2 or 3-yl; N-fur-2 or 3-yl; or an N-1,3,5-triazinyl, wherein the triazine radical can then be substituted with Cl, OR_6 or NR_7R_7 , in which R_6 has the meaning indicated above and the two substituents R_7 are the same or different and are hydrogen, a C_1 - C_4 , optionally branched, alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, or substituents R_7 together are $-(CH_2)_n-$, in which n is 3 to 5.

41. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein W is N-1,3,5-triazinyl, wherein the triazine radical can then be substituted with Cl, OR_6 or NR_7R_7 , in which R_6 has the meaning indicated above and the two substituents R_7 are the same or different and are hydrogen, a C_1 - C_4 , optionally branched, alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, or substituents R_7 together are $-(CH_2)_n-$, in which n is 3 to 5.

42. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R_3 is OH or OCH_3 .

43. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R_3 is OCH_3 .

44. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R_4 is OH and R_5 is H.

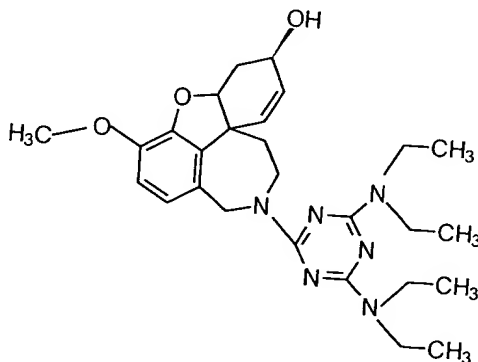
45. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R_3 is OCH_3 , R_4 is OH, R_5 is H, and W is N-1,3,5-triazinyl, wherein the triazine radical can then be substituted with Cl, OR_6 or NR_7R_7 , in which R_6 has the meaning indicated above and the two substituents R_7 are the same or different and are hydrogen, a C_1 - C_4 , optionally branched, alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, or substituents R_7 together are $-(CH_2)_n-$, in which n is 3 to 5.

46. (new) The compound according to claim 40, in which substituent R_6 is a triethylsilyl, trimethylsilyl, t-butyldimethylsilyl or dimethylphenylsilyl.

47. (new) The compound according to claim 40, in which substituent R_6 is tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, 2-methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, phenoxymethyl or 1-phenoxyethyl.

48. (new) The compound according to claim 40, in which R_5 has a meaning other than hydrogen, and R_4 is OH.

49. (new) The compound according to claim 40, having the following structure:



50. (new) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 40 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

51. (new) A method of preparing a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

providing a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 40 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

combining a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient with the therapeutically effective amount of the compound according to claim 40 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.